zenex



Universal Self-Tune PID
Temperature Controller with
Programmable Timer







User Manual

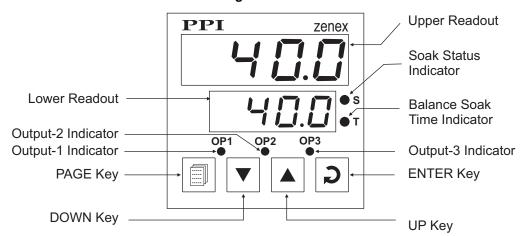
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For Size 48X48

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Section 1 FRONT PANEL LAYOUT

Figure 1.1



The front panel contains digital readouts, LED indicators and keys.

READOUTS

The Upper Readout is a 4 digit, 7-segment bright red LED display and usually displays the PV (Process Value). In Program Mode, the Upper Readout displays parameter values/options.

The Lower Readout is a 4 digit, 7-segment bright green LED display and usually displays SP (Control Setpoint) Value. In Program Mode, the Lower Readout displays parameter names (prompts).

INDICATORS

The Table 1.1 lists each front panel LED and the associated status.

Table 1.1

Indicator	Status		
	Flashes while the Soak Timer is counting down.		
S	 Glows steadily while the Soak Timer is outside the Timer Start Band or Hold Band (that is, HOLD state). 		
Т	Glows while the Lower Readout shows the Balance Soak Time in Main display mode.		
0.004	 Indicates Output-1 ON/OFF status if the Control Output is Relay or SSR drive. 		
OP1	 Remains OFF if the Control Output is DC Linear. 		
OP2	 Indicates Output-2 status if OP2 function is Auxiliary / Blower Control. Flashes Alarm-1 status if OP2 function is Alarm. 		
OP3	 Indicates Output-3 status if OP3 function is Auxiliary Control. Flashes Alarm-2 status if OP3 function is Alarm. 		

KEYS

The Table 1.2 lists the four front panel keys and the associated function.

Table 1.2

Symbol	Key	Function
	PAGE	Press to enter or exit set-up mode.
	DOWN	Press to decrease the parameter value. Pressing once decreases the value by one count; keeping pressed speeds up the change.
	UP	Press to increase the parameter value. Pressing once increases the value by one count; holding pressed speeds up the change.
۵	ENTER	Press to store the set parameter value and to scroll to the next parameter on the PAGE.

Section 2 BASIC OPERATIONS

POWER-UP

Upon power-up all displays and indicators are lit on for approximately 3 seconds. This is followed by the indication of the controller model name on the Upper Readout and the firmware version on the Lower Readout, for approximately 1 second.

MAIN DISPLAY MODE

After the Power-up display sequence, the Upper Readout starts showing the measured PV (Process Value) and the Lower Readout displays the SP (Control Setpoint). This is the MAIN Display Mode that shall be used most often.

Adjusting SP (Control Setpoint)

The SP value can be directly adjusted on the Lower Readout while the controller is in the MAIN Display Mode.

If permitted at Supervisory Level, step through the following sequence for adjusting the SP value:

- 1. While the Lower Readout shows SP value, press and release UP or DOWN key once. The Lower Readout starts flashing.
- 2. Use UP/DOWN keys to adjust the SP value.
- 3. Press and release ENTER key. The Lower Readout stops flashing and the new set value is registered and stored.

Tune / Optimize Indication

The controller self detects the events such as new installation, significant change in SP, etc. for auto tuning itself to the process under control. Also, the controller can be issued 'Optimize' command by the user for optimization of the PID constant values.

While the controller is Tuning/Optimizing, the Lower Readout flashes the message <u>busy</u> (Busy). The user is advised not to disturb the process or alter any parameter values while the "Busy" message is being flashed. The "Busy" message automatically disappears upon completion of Tuning/Optimization.

Timer (Soak) Mode Indication

While Soak Timer is in progress, the front panel indicator 'S' flashes if the timer is counting down or glows steadily if the timer is in wait / hold state.

The Lower Readout can be toggled to display either Balance Soak Time or Control Setpoint (SP), using ENTER key. While the Lower Readout shows balance soak time the indicator 'T' glows.

The Balance Soak time is in either 'Minutes: Seconds' or 'Hours: Minutes' or 'Hours', depending upon the time units selected for the Soak Timer. If the selected time units are 'Hours', then (a) If the balance time is greater than 100 Hours, the time is shown in 'Hours'. (b) If the balance time is less than 100 Hours, the time is shown in 'Hours: Minutes'.

PV Error Indications

The process value is said to be in error if it exceeds the minimum / maximum range specified for the selected Input sensor type or if the sensor is disconnected (Open or Broken).

The PV Error type is indicated (flashing) on the Upper Readout. For different errors and the causes refer Table 2.1 below.

Table	2.	1
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Message	PV Error Type	
- Or	Over-range PV above Max. Range	
Ur	Under-range PV below Min. Range	
OPEn	Open Sensor / RTD broken	

CONTROL/ALARM STATUS UNDER PV ERROR CONDITIONS

- a) The tuning, if in progress, is aborted.
- b) The Soak Timer, if in progress, enters in Pause (halt) state.
- c) All the control outputs are switched off.
- d) For Alarm activation, the under-range condition is treated as minimum PV, whereas the over-range and open conditions are treated as maximum PV. Thus, Process High, positive Deviation Band and Window Band alarms activate under Overrange/Open error. Similarly, Process Low, negative Deviation Band and Window Band alarms activate under Underrange error.

OPERATOR PAGE AND PARAMETERS

The controller provides a separate page that contains parameters that require frequent settings by the operator. The page is called Operator Page and the parameters are called Operator Parameters. The availability of operator parameters is controlled at supervisory level and these parameters are not affected by the master lock status.

Accessing Operator Page & Adjusting Parameters

Step through the following sequence to open the operator page and to adjust the operator parameter values.

- 1. Press and release PAGE key. The Lower Readout shows PRIF (PAGE) and Upper Readout shows [] (0).
- Press ENTER key. The Lower Readout shows prompt for the first available operator parameter and the Upper Readout shows value for the parameter.
- 3. Use UP/DOWN keys to adjust the value and then press ENTER key to store the set value and scroll to next parameter.

The controller automatically reverts to MAIN Display Mode upon scrolling through the last operator parameter. Alternatively, use PAGE key to return to MAIN Display Mode.

The Operator Parameters are described in Table 4. Note that the parameters presented on operator page depend upon the functions selected / enabled.

The operator parameter list mainly includes:

- a) Soak Start / Abort Command, if Soak Time feature is enabled.
- b) The Control Setpoint (SP).
- c) Alarm-1 Setpoint or Blower Setpoint or Auxiliary Control Setpoint for OP2 depending upon the function selected.
- d) Alarm-2 Setpoint or Auxiliary Control Setpoint for OP3 depending upon the function selected.
- e) Lock for Setpoint Editing on Lower Readout.

Table 2.2

Parameter Description	Settings
TIMER START COMMAND Set to Yes to start Soak Timer. Not available if timer already running.	No SES Yes
TIMER ABORT COMMAND Set to Yes to abort a running timer.	No SES Yes
TIME DURATION The set time value for the soak timer in the selected time units.	00.05 to 60.00 M:S or 00.05 to 99.55 H:M or 1 to 999 Hours

OP2 Function : Alarm-1

Parameter Description		Settings
ALARM-1 SETPOINT Process High / Process Low Alarm-1 Setpoint.	R 1.5P	Min. to Max. Range for the Input Type
ALARM-1 DEVIATION BAND Positive (+) or Negative (-) Alarm-1 deviation band.	A LaE	-1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9
ALARM-1 WINDOW BAND Symmetrical Alarm-1 window band.	A !.6A	3 to 999 or 0.3 to 99.9

OP2 Function : Auxiliary Control

Parameter Description	Settings
AUXILIARY CONTROL SETPOINT Positive (+) or Negative (-) offset to Control Setpoint (SP) for defining Auxiliary Setpoint.	(Min. Range - SP) to (Max. Range - SP) for selected Input

OP2 Function : Blower / Compressor Control

Parameter Description	Settings
BLOWER / COMPRESSOR SETPOINT	0 to 250 or
Positive (+) offset to Control Setpoint (SP) for defining Blower / Compressor Setpoint.	0.0 to 25.0

OP3 Function: Alarm-2

Parameter Description		Settings
ALARM-2 SETPOINT Process High / Process Low Alarm-2 Setpoint.	<i>R2.5P</i>	Min. to Max. Range for the Input Type
ALARM-2 DEVIATION BAND Positive (+) or Negative (-) Alarm-2 deviation band.	R2.dE	-1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9
ALARM-2 WINDOW BAND Symmetrical Alarm-2 window band.	<i>R2.</i> 6 <i>R</i>	3 to 999 or 0.3 to 99.9

OP3 Function : Auxiliary Control

Parameter Description	Settings
AUXILIARY CONTROL SETPOINT Positive (+) or Negative (-) offset to Control Setpoint (SP) for defining Auxiliary Setpoint.	(Min. Range - SP) to (Max. Range - SP) for selected Input

Control Setpoint (SP) Locking

Parameter Description	Settings
SETPOINT LOCKING Set to Yes to lock the SP editing on the Lower Readout.	No SES Yes

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Section 3

SET-UP MODE: ACCESS AND OPERATION

The various parameters are arranged in different groups, called PAGES, depending upon the functions they represent. Each group is assigned a unique numeric value, called PAGE NUMBER, for its access.

The parameters are always presented in a fixed format: The Lower Readout displays the parameter prompt (Identification Name) and the Upper Readout displays the set value. The parameters appear in the same sequence as listed in their respective sections.

SET-UP MODE

The Set-up Mode allows the user to view and modify the parameter values. Follow the steps below for setting the parameter values:

- 1. Press and release PAGE key. The Lower Readout shows PAGE and the Upper Readout shows page number 0. Refer Figure 3.1.
- 2. Use UP / DOWN keys to set the desired PAGE NUMBER.
- 3. Press and release ENTER key. The Lower Readout shows the prompt for the first parameter listed in the set PAGE and the Upper Readout shows its current value. (If the entered PAGE NUMBER is invalid (contains no parameter list or any associated function), the controller reverts to the MAIN Display Mode.
- 4. Press and release the ENTER key until the prompt for the required parameter appears on the Lower Readout. (The last parameter in the list rolls back to the first parameter).
- 5. Use UP / DOWN keys to adjust the parameter value. (The display flashes if UP key is pressed after reaching the maximum value or DOWN key is pressed after reaching the minimum value).
- 6. Press and release the ENTER key. The new value gets stored in the controller's non-volatile memory and the next parameter in the list is displayed.

The Figure 3.1 illustrates the example of altering the value for the parameter 'Input Type'.

Page Number

Ð Ū Ð Main Display Page Number First Parameter New Parameter Next Parameter Mode on Page-10 on Page-10 Use UP/DOWN Press PAGE Press ENTER Use UP/DOWN Press ENTER key to enter key to set the key to open keys to change key to store the value &

the Page

the value

move to next parameter

Figure 3.1

Notes

Set-up Mode

- 1. Each page contains a fixed list of parameters that are presented in a pre-determined sequence. Note however that availability of a few parameters, called Conditional Parameters, depend upon the settings for some other parameters. For example, the parameter 'Control Hysteresis' for Output-1 is available only if, the set value for the parameter 'Control Action' is 'On-Off'.
- To exit the set-up mode and return to the MAIN Display Mode, press and release PAGE key.
- If no key is pressed for approximately 30 seconds, the set-up mode times out and reverts to the MAIN Display Mode.

MASTER LOCKING

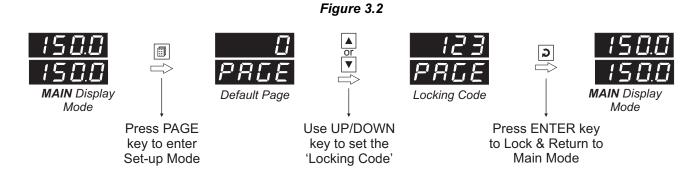
The controller facilitates locking all the PAGES (except Operator PAGE) by applying Master Lock Code. Under Locking, the parameters are available for *view only* and cannot be adjusted. The Master Lock, however does not lock the operator parameters. This feature allows protecting the rather less frequently used parameters against any inadvertent changes while making the frequently used operator parameters still available for any editing.

For enabling / disabling the Lock, step through the following sequence:

Locking

- 1. Press and release PAGE key while the controller is in the MAIN Display Mode. The Lower Readout shows PAGE and the Upper Readout shows 0.
- 2. Use UP / DOWN keys to set the Page Number to 123 on the Upper Readout.
- 3. Press and release ENTER key. The controller returns to the MAIN Display Mode with the Lock enabled.

The Figure 3.2 below illustrates the Locking procedure.



UnLocking

Repeat the Locking procedure twice for unlocking.

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Section 4

I/O CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

Table 4.1

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
INPUT TYPE Refer Table 4.2 for various available 'Input Types' along with their respective Ranges and Resolutions.	Refer Table 4.2 (Default : Type K)
TEMPERATURE DISPLAY UNITS Select as "C" (Centigrade) or "F" (Fahrenheit).	°C °F (Default : °C)
TEMPERATURE RANGE This parameter value must be set in accordance with the Maximum Temperature Range for which the equipment / machine is designed. Set this parameter value appropriately as the same is used by the controller to determine whether or not to Self-Tune / Optimize the controller upon detecting the "Tune at Setpoint Change" condition.	Min. to Max. specified for the selected Input Type (Refer Table 4.2) (Default : 1375)
CONTROL OUTPUT TYPE Refer Table 4.3 for the available options.	Refer Table 4.3 (Default : Relay)
On-Off The control algorithm tends to maintain the PV at SP by either switching the output (say, Heater) fully OFF or fully ON. The On and Off switching is differentiated by the user settable 'Hysteresis Band'. PID The control algorithm uses a 2nd order equation to compute the '% Output Power' required to maintain the PV at SP. The constants P, I, D are automatically set by the controller.	On-Off PID (Default : PID)
CONTROL LOGIC Direct Cooling Control (Output Power increases with increase in PV). Reverse Heating Control (Output Power decreases with increase in PV).	Direct FEL Reverse (Default : Reverse)
HYSTERESIS (For ON-OFF Control only) Sets a differential (dead) band between the ON and OFF states. Keep it large enough to avoid frequent switching of the load without losing the desired control accuracy.	1 to 999°C or 0.1 to 99.9°C (Default : 2 or 0.2)

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
SETPOINT LOW LIMIT This parameter sets the minimum limit on the Control Setpoint value.	Min. Range to Setpoint High for the selected Input Type (Default: -200)
SETPOINT HIGH LIMIT This parameter sets the maximum limit on the Control Setpoint value.	Setpoint Low to Max. Range for the selected Input Type (Default : 1375)

Table 4.2

Option	What it means	Range (Min. to Max.)	Resolution (Fixed or settable)
E L _ J	Type J Thermocouple	0 to +960°C / +32 to +1760°F	
E L _ P	Type K Thermocouple	-200 to +1375°C / -328 to +2508°F	
FELE	Type T Thermocouple	-200 to +385°C / -328 to +725°F	
EE_r	Type R Thermocouple	0 to +1770°C / +32 to +3218°F	Fixed
EC_5	Type S Thermocouple	0 to +1765°C / +32 to +3209°F	1°C / 1°F
FELB	Type B Thermocouple	0 to +1825°C / +32 to +3092°F	
EE_n	Type N Thermocouple	0 to +1300°C / +32 to +2372°F	
red	3-wire, RTD Pt100	-199 to +600°C / -328 to +1112°F	
red.1	3-wire, RTD Pt100	-199.9 to 600.0°C / -199.9 to 999.9°F	0.1°C / 0.1°F

Table 4.3

Option	What it means	Remarks
rL	Relay SSR (Solid State Relay)	Applicable for OP1 as Relay / SSR
0 - 20 4 - 20	0 to 20 mA current 4 to 20 mA current	Applicable for OP1 as DC Linear Current
0 - 5 0 - 10	0 to 5 Volts 0 to 10 Volts	Applicable for OP1 as DC Linear Voltage

Section 5

OP2 FUNCTION PARAMETERS

Table 5.1

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
OUTPUT-2 FUNCTION SELECTION	
None	nonE None
OP2 module not installed or function not used.	RL C Alarm
Alarm OP2 relay activates as Alarm status. Auxiliary Control	[L - L Control
OP2 relay activates as Auxiliary control status.	占 ☐ ┌ Blower
Blower OP2 relay activates as Blower / Compressor control status.	(Default : None)
OP2 relay activates as Blower / Compressor control status.	

OP2 Function : Alarm-1

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
Process Low The alarm activates for PV less than or equal to Alarm Setpoint. Process High The alarm activates for PV greater than or equal to Alarm Setpoint.	P_L_ Process Low P_H, Process High
Deviation Band The alarm activates if the PV deviation from SP is greater than the set positive or negative 'Deviation Band' value. Window Band The alarm activates if the PV deviation from SP is greater than the set 'Window Band' value in either direction. End Of Soak The OP2 Relay / SSR is switched ON for the time duration set for the parameter 'Alarm Timer'.	Deviation Band Window Band End of Soak (Default : Process Low)
SETPOINT Available for 'Process High' or 'Process Low' Alarms. Sets the Upper (Process High) or Lower (Process Low) Alarm Limit.	Min. to Max. Range for the selected Input type (Default : 0)
DEVIATION BAND Available for 'Deviation Band' Alarm. Sets a deviation band above (Positive value) or below (Negative value) the SP for alarm activation.	-1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9 (Default : 0)
WINDOW BAND Available for 'Window Band' Alarm. Sets a symmetrical band above and below the SP for alarm activation.	3 to 999 or 0.3 to 99.9 (Default : 3)

Parameter Description		Settings Default Value
LOGIC Normal The Alarm output (Relay/SSR) remain OFF otherwise. Useful for Audio / Visu Reverse The Alarm output (Relay / SSR) condition; ON otherwise. Useful for control.	ual Alarm. remains OFF under alarm	Normal Reverse (Default : Normal)
INHIBIT No Alarm is not suppressed for start-up c Yes The Alarm activation is inhibited (supposition alarm limits from the time the co	oressed) until the PV is found	YES Yes No (Default : Yes)
ALARM TIMER Available for End of Soak Alarm. Sets which the alarm shall activate upon er		5 to 250 Seconds (Default : 10)

OP2 Function : Auxiliary Control

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
Offset value for the Auxiliary Control Setpoint. Can be set as positive value or negative value. Auxiliary Control Setpoint = Control Setpoint (SP) + Offset Value	(Min. Range - SP) to (Max. Range - SP) specified for the selected Input Type (Default : 0)
HYSTERESIS Sets a differential (dead) band between the ON and OFF control states.	1 to 999 or 0.1 to 99.9 (Default : 2 or 0.2)
Normal The Output remains ON for PV below Setpoint and OFF otherwise. Reverse The Output remains ON for PV above Setpoint and OFF otherwise.	Reverse (Default : Normal)

OP2 Function: Blower / Compressor Control

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
OFFSET VALUE Sets a positive (+) offset to the SP to define the 'Blower / Compressor Setpoint'. Blower / Compressor Setpoint = Control Setpoint (SP) + Offset Value	0 to 250 or 0.0 to 25.0 (Default : 0)
HYSTERESIS Differential (dead) band between the blower ON and OFF states.	1 to 250 or 0.1 to 25.0 (Default : 2 or 0.2)
TIME DELAY This parameter is mainly used for Compressor Load. The set time delay is elapsed each time before the compressor is switched ON. Set the value to 0 if no Time Delay is required.	00.00 to 10.00 Min. Sec (in steps of 5 Seconds) (Default : 00.00)

Section 6

OP3 FUNCTION PARAMETERS

Table 6.1

Parameter Description		Settings Default Value
OUTPUT-3 FUNCTION SELECTION	0P3.F	~
None		none None
OP2 module not installed or function not used. Alarm		Alarm
OP2 relay activates as Alarm status.		[L - L Control
Auxiliary Control OP2 relay activates as Auxiliary control status.		(Default : None)

OP3 Function: Alarm-2

OP3 Function : Alarm-2		
Parameter Description	Settings Default Value	
TYPE		
Process Low The alarm activates for PV less than or equal to Alarm Setpoint. Process High The alarm activates for PV greater than or equal to Alarm Setpoint. Deviation Band The alarm activates if the PV deviation from SP is greater than the set positive or negative 'Deviation Band' value. Window Band The alarm activates if the PV deviation from SP is greater than the set 'Window Band' value in either direction. End Of Soak The OP2 Relay / SSR is switched ON for the time duration set for the parameter 'Alarm Timer'.	P_L_ Process Low P_H_ Process High Deviation Band Window Band E_5 End of Soak (Default : Process Low)	
SETPOINT Available for 'Process High' or 'Process Low' Alarms. Sets the Upper (Process High) or Lower (Process Low) Alarm Limit.	Min. to Max. Range for the selected Input type (Default : 0)	
Available for 'Deviation Band' Alarm. Sets a deviation band above (Positive value) or below (Negative value) the SP for alarm activation.	-1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9 (Default : 0)	
WINDOW BAND Available for 'Window Band' Alarm. Sets a symmetrical band above and below the SP for alarm activation.	3 to 999 or 0.3 to 99.9 (Default : 3)	

Parameter Description		Settings Default Value
LOGIC Normal	A2L5	
The Alarm output (Relay/SSR) remain OFF otherwise. Useful for Audio / Visu Reverse The Alarm output (Relay / SSR) condition; ON otherwise. Useful for control.	ual Alarm. remains OFF under alarm	Normal - E _ Reverse (Default : Normal)
INHIBIT	82. h	
No Alarm is not suppressed for start-up or Yes The Alarm activation is inhibited (supposition alarm limits from the time the co	pressed) until the PV is found	YES Yes No (Default : Yes)
ALARM TIMER Available for End of Soak Alarm. Sets which the alarm shall activate upon er		5 to 250 Seconds (Default : 10)
willon the dialini shall delivate upon el	ia or sour timor.	

OP3 Function : Auxiliary Control

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
Offset value for the Auxiliary Control Setpoint. Can be set as positive value or negative value. Auxiliary Control Setpoint = Control Setpoint (SP) + Offset Value	(Min. Range - SP) to (Max. Range - SP) specified for the selected Input Type (Default : 0)
HYSTERESIS Sets a differential (dead) band between the ON and OFF control states.	1 to 999 or 0.1 to 99.9 (Default : 2 or 0.2)
CONTROL LOGIC Normal The Output remains ON for PV below Setpoint and OFF otherwise. Reverse The Output remains ON for PV above Setpoint and OFF otherwise.	Reverse (Default : Normal)

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Section 7 PID CONTROL PARAMETERS

Table 7.1

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
% OUTPUT POWER This is a view only parameter that facilitates the indication of '% Output Power' computed by the controller PID algorithm. The computed value lies between Min. power (0.0%) and Max. power (100.0%).	Not Applicable (Default:Not Applicable)
(For 'PID' Control) For time-proportionating PID control, the output power is implemented by adjusting the ratio of ON: OFF to a fixed time interval, called 'Cycle Time'. The larger the power the larger the ON time and vice-a-versa. Larger Cycle time ensures longer Relay/SSR life but may result in poor control accuracy and vice-a-versa. The recommended Cycle Time values are; 20 sec. for Relay and 1 sec. for SSR.	0.5 to 120.0 Seconds (in steps of 0.5 secs.) (Default : 0.5)
(For 'PID' Control) The Proportional band is defined in terms of process value deviation from the setpoint (also known as process error). Within the band the output power is varied from maximum (100%) at maximum deviation to minimum (0%) at minimum deviation. The process value thus tends to stabilize at a point within the band where the power input equal losses. Larger Band results in better stability but larger deviation. The Proportional Band value is automatically calculated by controller's Self-Tune feature and seldom requires any manual adjustment.	0.1 to 999.9 (Default : 10.0)
(For 'PID' Control) The application of proportional band alone results in process value stability within the band but away from the setpoint. This is called steady state Offset Error. The integral action is incorporated for automatic removal of offset error with minimum ocillations. The Integral Time value is automatically calculated by controller's Self-Tune feature and seldom requires any manual adjustments.	0 to 1000 Seconds (Default : 100)

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
(For 'PID' Control) It is desired that the controller should respond to any dynamic changes in the process conditions (like variations in load, power supply fluctuations, etc.) fast enough so as retain the process value near the setpoint. The derivative time determines how strong the output power will change in response to the rate of change of measured PV. The Derivative Time value is automatically calculated by controller's Self-Tune feature and seldom requires any manual adjustments.	0 to 250 Seconds (Default : 25)

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Section 8

SOAK TIMER PARAMETERS

(Refer end of this section for detailed Soak Timer Operation)

Table 8.1

Table 6.1			
Parameter Description	Settings Default Value		
Yes Soak Timer function and Start / Abort commands are enabled. No Soak Timer function and Start / Abort commands are disabled.	No YE5 Yes (Default : No)		
TIME UNITS Select the time units depending on the minimum and/or maximum time value required.	Min:Sec HHATT Hours:Min Hours (Default : Min: Sec)		
TIME DURATION 5 P.L. The preset time value in selected units for the Soak Timer.	00.05 to 60:00 Min:Sec 00.05 to 99:55 Hrs:Min 1 to 999 Hours (Default : 00.10 Min:Sec)		
TIMER-START BAND After issuance of start command, the timer starts counting down once the PV enters the process band around SP defined by this parameter value.	0 to 9999 or 0.0 to 999.9 (Default : 5 or 0.5)		
None PV based timer pause is not required. Up Timer is paused if PV is outside holdband above SP. Down Timer is paused if PV is outside holdband below SP. Both Timer is paused if PV is outside holdband both above and below SP.	None UP Down Both (Default : None)		
Sets the temperature limit(s) with respect to the SP for the timer to pause. The timer holds on counting should the PV cross the limit(s).	1 to 9999 or 0.1 to 999.9 (Default : 5 or 0.5)		
SWITCH-OFF CONTROL OUTPUT AT TIMER END Yes The control output (OP1) is forced off upon completion of timer. No The control output state is not forced.	No HES Yes (Default : No)		

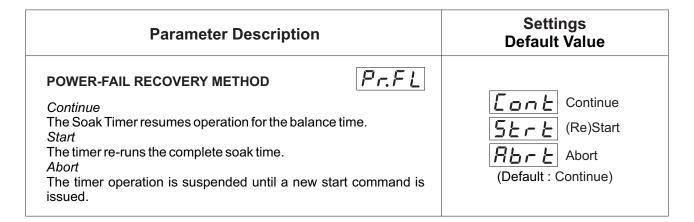
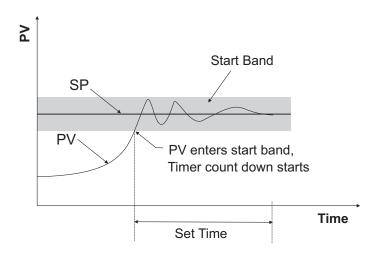


Figure 8.1
SOAK TIMER OPERATION



Basic Operation

The Soak Timer is essentially a preset timer that can be configured to run as:

- (a) A Free Running Timer by setting timer 'Start Band' to 0. That is, the timer starts counting down immediately upon issuance of Start Command by the user and continues until set time is elapsed.
- (b) A Setpoint Dependent Timer. That is, after issuance of Start Command, the count down starts only after the PV reaches within timer 'Start Band'. The timer start band is a symmetrical band centered around the SP. For example, for a start band of 2°C and SP value of 100°C, the count down begins once the PV reaches a value within 98°C (SP Start Band) to 102°C (SP + Start Band). Note that, once the PV enters 'Start Band', the timer continues to run regardless of whether the PV remains within or outside the 'Start Band'.

Hold Band Operation

The timer is also provided with a 'Hold Band' that can be enabled to make sure that the timer counts down *only while* the PV is within the 'Hold Band'. That is, the timer pauses (holds counting down) whenever the PV is outside the 'Hold Band'. The 'Hold Band' is set with respect to the SP and can be set above or below or above and below the SP. For example, a 5 °C Hold Band below the SP (say,100°C) will force the timer in pause state whenever the PV is equal or less than 95°C (SP - Hold Band).

Power-fail Recovery Modes

The timer facilitates 3 different power-fail recovery modes, viz., *Continue*, *Re-start* and *Abort*. In *Continue* mode, the timer resumes to execute the balance soak time once the PV is detected within Hold Band. In *Re-start* mode, the timer executes the complete set time all over again. In *Abort* mode, the timer stops execution until a start command is issued.

End-of-Soak Events

The output Relay/SSR modules, OP2 and/or OP3, can be configured as End-of-Soak Alarm with a settable alarm duration. That is, upon completion of Soak Time execution, the Relay energizes (say, to activate a buzzer) for the set alarm duration.

Additionally, the controller provides 'Output-Off' strategy that can be enabled to force the control output OP1 off upon End-of-Soak. The output becomes active again after issuance of Start Command for the execution of a new Soak Time Cycle.

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Section 9

SUPERVISORY PARAMETERS

Table 9.1

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
TUNE / OPTIMIZE COMMAND (For PID Control Mode only) Set to 'Yes' for initiating Tune / Optimize operation.	No YES (Default : No)
TUNE / OPTIMIZE ABORT COMMAND (For PID Control Mode only) Set to 'Yes' for terminating Tune / Optimize operation in progress.	No Yes (Default : No)
OVERSHOOT INHIBIT (For PID Control Mode only) Set this parameter to 'Enable' if the process exhibits unacceptable overshoot upon start-up or a step change in SP. If enabled, the controller controls the rate of change of PV to minimize overshoot.	EnbL Enable [55] Disable (Default : Disable)
OVERSHOOT INHIBIT FACTOR This parameter adjusts the effectiveness of the Overshoot Inhibit feature. Increase the value if the overshoot is curbed but the PV takes longer to reach the SP. Decreases the value if the overshoot persists.	1.0 to 2.0 (Default : 1.2)
Enable Re-tune the controller if there is a substantial (large) change in the SP value. The P, I, D values are optimized. Disable Ignore any change in SP value and continue with the existing P, I, D values.	EnbL Enable [55] Disable (Default : Disable)
OFFSET FOR PV This parameter adds positive or negative offset to the measured PV for removal of thermal gradient or known sensor error.	-1999 to 9999 or -199.9 to 999.9 (Default : 0)
DIGITAL FILTER FOR PV This value determines the averaging rate of measured PV and thus helps removing undesired rapid changes in the measured PV. The higher the filter value the better the averaging but the slower the response to actual changes.	0.5 to 25.0 Seconds in steps of 0.5 Seconds (Default : 1.0)

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
PERMISSION FOR OP2/OP3 SETPOINT EDITING ON OPERATOR PAGE This parameter allows the user to enable (permit) or disable (restrict) the adjustment of the Setpoint for OP2 / OP3 functions.	Enable Disable
SOAK ABORT COMMAND ON OPERATOR PAGE This parameter allows the user to enable (permit) or disable (restrict) the issuance of 'Abort' command from operator page to Abort (Stop) the running Soak Timer.	(Default : Enable) Enable Disable (Default : Enable)
SOAK TIME ADJUSTMENT ON OPERATOR PAGE This parameter allows the user to enable (permit) or disable (restrict) the adjustment of the 'Soak Time Duration' on Operator Page.	EnbL Enable Disable (Default : Enable)
None No optional utility module is fitted / functional. Serial Communication The optional utility module is RS485/RS232 serial communication port. Soak Start The optional utility module is Digital Input (potential-free contact closure) for Soak Start Command. An open to close contact will initiate the Soak Timer. (The following parameters are available and applicable for utility option serial communication)	None SrL. Serial Comm. Shr L Soak Start (Default : None)
This parameter assigns a unique identification number that the Master Device can use to address the instrument for any communication data transactions. The settable values are from 1 to 127.	1 to 127 (Default : 1)
This parameter defines the communication speed expressed in "Bits per second". The Baud Rate must be set to match the Baud Rate set for the Master Device.	1.2 1200 2.4 2400 4800 9600 (Default: 9600)

Parameter Description	Settings Default Value
COMMUNICATION WRITE ENABLE	
Yes The Read/Write parameters can be accessed for both reading and writing. No The Read/Write parameters can only be accessed for reading. That is, the parameter values cannot be altered through serial communication.	YES Yes No (Default : Yes)

Section 10 HARDWARE ASSEMBLY AND CONFIGURATIONS

The Figure 10.1 below shows the controller outer-case viewed with front label upright.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

The basic electronics assembly (without any plug-in modules), comprises of 3 Printed Circuit Boards (PCB). When viewed from the front; the CPU PCB is to the right, Power-supply PCB is to the left and the Display PCB is behind the bezel.

The electronic assembly can be removed from the plastic enclosure and placed back as described and illustrated in Figure 10.2

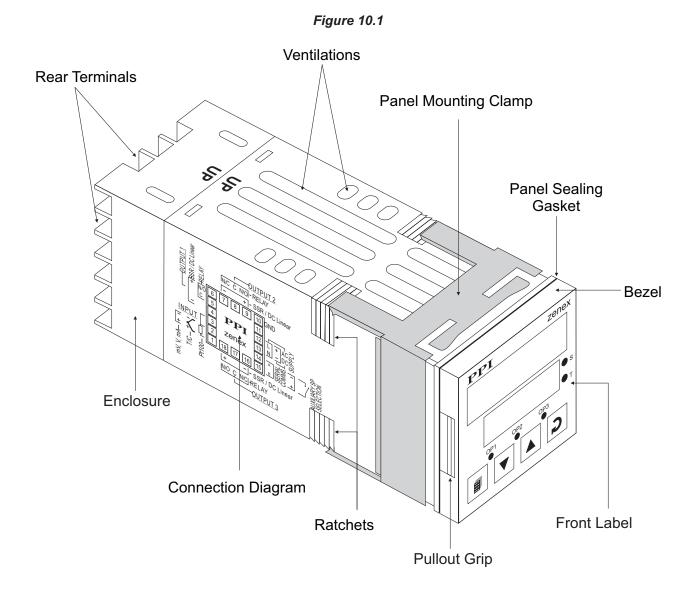
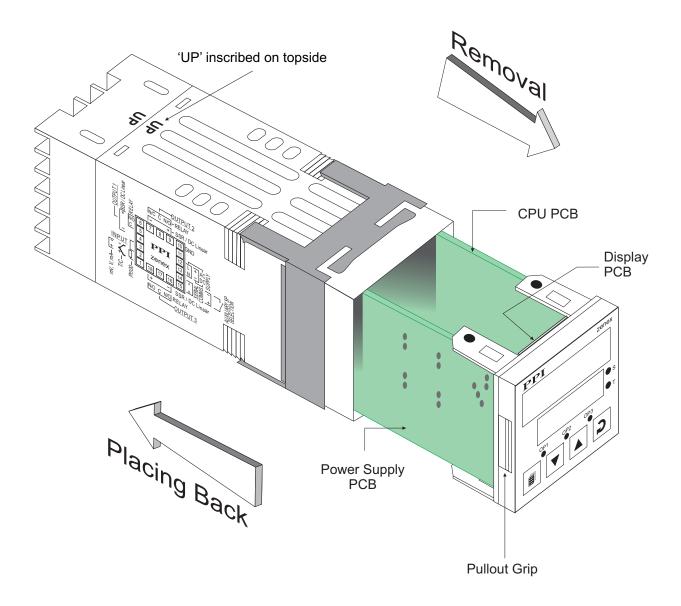


Figure 10.2



Removing Assembly from Enclosure

With the controller upright, hold the Bezel with the fingers on the pullout grips provided on the left and right sides of the bezel. Pull the bezel outward. The assembly comes out with the bezel.

Placing Assembly Back into Enclosure

With the controller upright (the UP inscribed on the Enclosure is on the topside), insert the bezel gently with the boards on either side sliding into the guides provided inside of the Enclosure. Ensure that the bezel fits in tight on the Enclosure-front to secure the panel-sealing gasket.

MOUNTING PLUG-IN MODULES

The controller supports up to 3 plug-in modules, viz. *Output-2 Module* (Relay / SSR or DC Linear), *Output-3 Module* (Relay / SSR or DC Linear) and *Option Module* (RS485 Serial Port or Digital Input for Auxiliary Setpoint selection). These modules are either pre-fitted while the controller is shipped from the factory or can be fitted by the user later.

All 3 plug-in modules are provided with female socket that directly fits into the corresponding male plug provided on either Power-supply PCB or CPU PCB. The *Output-2* and *Option* Modules fit into plugs provided on Power-supply PCB whereas the *Output-3* Module fits into plug provided on the CPU PCB.

OUTPUT-2 & OUTPUT-3: Modules and Jumper Settings

The *Output-2* and *Output-3* Modules come in three versions, viz., Relay / SSR, DC Linear Voltage and DC Linear Current. The two modules are identical and, thus, can be fitted interchangeably in Output-2 or Output-3 positions.

Relay/SSR Module

This module can be configured for either Relay or SSR output through proper jumper selection. Two jumper settings A and B, as shown in Figure 10.3 and Table 10.1, are required for Relay or SSR selection.

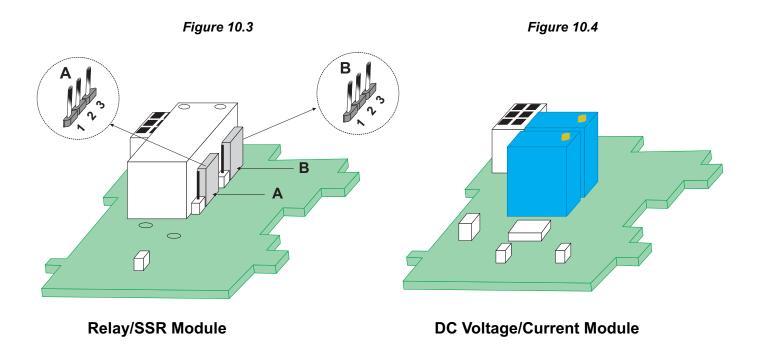


Table 10.1

Output Type	Jumper Setting - A	Jumper Setting - B
Relay	1 2 3	1 2 3
SSR		1 2 3

DC Linear Voltage / Current Module

The DC Linear Module is factory configured for either Current or Voltage output. The current output can be configured for 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA and similarly the voltage output can be configured for 0-5 V or 0-10 V through parameter settings.

MOUNTING/UN-MOUNTING OF MODULES

The Figures 10.5 & 10.6 illustrates how to mount the plug-in Output-2 & Output-3 module, respectively. Notice the orientation of the controller and a few identifying components shown in figures to help locate the plugs for the modules. Ensure that the socket snap-fits into the plug and the 2 projected parts on the module fit into the 2 slots provided on the Power-Supply / CPU PCB for proper electrical contacts and secured fitting.

For plugging out the module(s), follow the steps below:

- 1. Gently pull apart the Power-supply board and the CPU board until the projections of the module board come out of the slots.
- 2. Pull the module outward to unlock the socket from the plug.

Figure 10.5
Mounting Output-2 Module

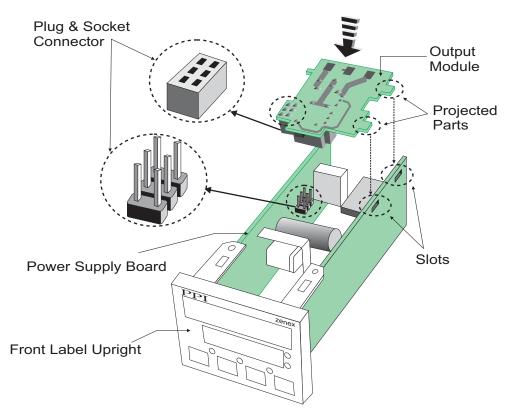
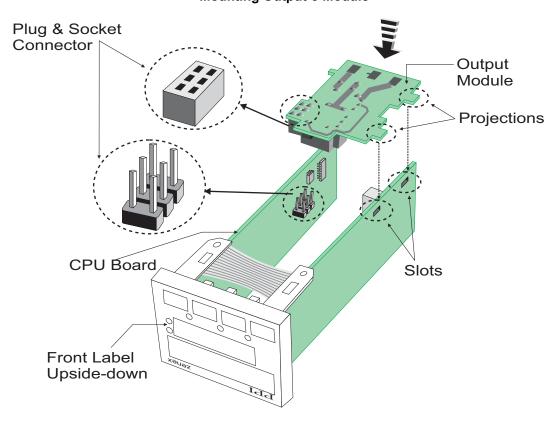


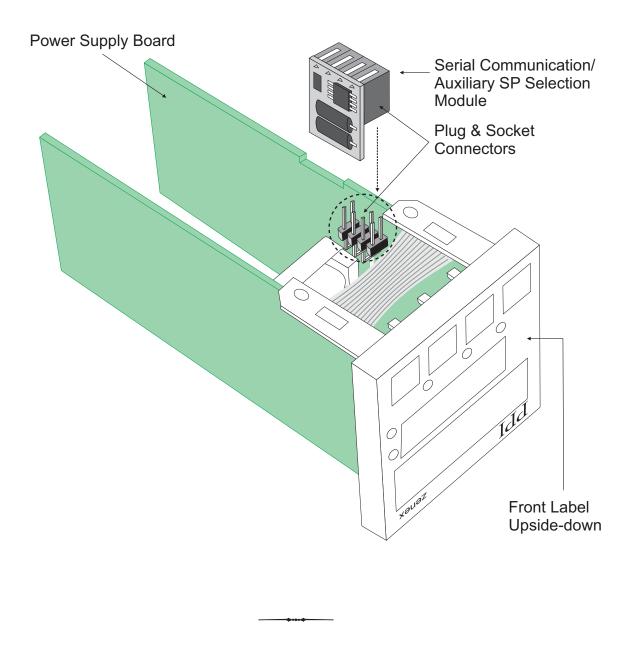
Figure 10.6
Mounting Output-3 Module



The plug for the Serial Communication or Auxiliary SP Selection module is located on the Power-supply PCB. The Figure 10.7 below illustrates how to plug-in the Serial Communication/Auxiliary SP module. To plug (or unplug) the module simply insert (or remove) the socket into (or from) the plug.

Figure 10.7

Mounting Serial Communication/Auxiliary SP Selection Module



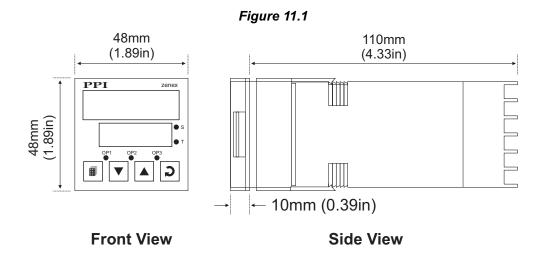
Section 11 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

The following precautions should be strictly observed while installing the controller:

- 1. The place of installation should be free of corrosive/combustible gases and electrically conductive pollution.
- 2. Ensure that the place of installation is not subject to rapid ambient changes that can cause condensation. Also the Ambient Temperature and Relative Humidity surrounding the controller should not exceed the maximum specified for the proper operation of the controller.
- 3. The place of installation should be adequately protected against excessive electrostatic or electromagnetic interference.
- 4. The controller should not be subject to direct vibration or shock.
- 5. The controller should not be exposed to dust, salt air, direct sunlight or radiant heat.

OUTER DIMENSIONS

The Figure 11.1 shows the outer dimensions of the controller.



PANEL CUTOUT AND RECOMMENDED MINIMUM SPACING

The Figure 11.2 shows the panel cutout requirements for a single controller and also the minimum spacing recommended if several controllers are required to be mounted on a single panel.

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PANEL MOUNTING

Follow the steps below for mounting the controller on panel:

- 1. Prepare a square cutout to the size shown in Figure 11.2.
- 2. Remove the Panel Mounting Clamp from the controller Enclosure.
- 3. Insert the rear of the controller housing through the panel cutout from the front of the mounting panel.
- 4. Hold the controller gently against the mounting panel such that it positions squarely against the panel wall, see Figure 11.3. Apply pressure only on the bezel and not on the front label.
- 5. Slide the mounting clamp forward until it is firmly in contact with the rear face of the mounting panel and the tongues of the clamp engage in the ratchets on the controller enclosure, as shown in Figure 11.3. Ensure that the springs of the clamp push firmly against the rear face of the mounting panel for secured mounting.

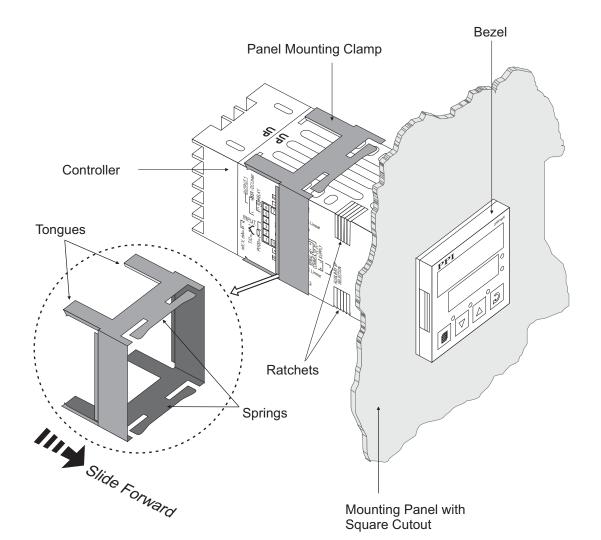


Figure 11.3

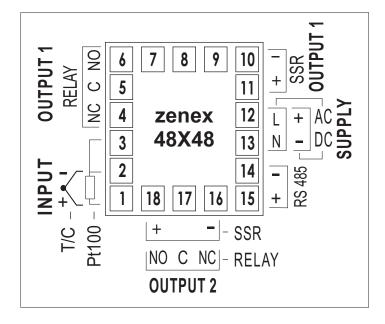
Mounting Panel with **Square Cutout**

Section 12 **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**

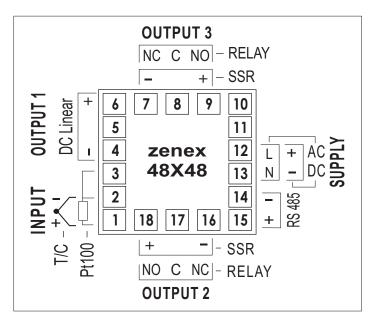
Refer connection diagram shown on the left side of the enclosure. The diagram shows the terminals viewed from the REAR SIDE with the controller label upright.

Figure 12.1

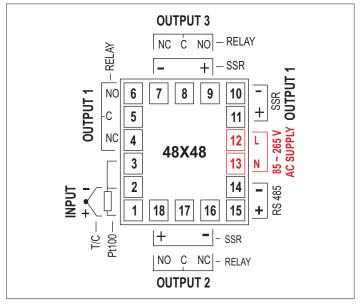
2 Output Version



3 Output Version Output-1 : DC Linear



3 Output Version Output-1 : Relay / SSR



TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUT

Connect Thermocouple or 3-wire RTD Pt100 sensor as shown below.

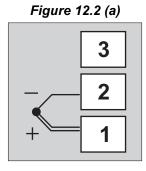


Figure 12.2 (b)

3
2
1

RTD

Thermocouple

Thermocouple

Connect Thermocouple Positive (+) to terminal 1 and Negative (-) to terminal 2 as shown in Figure 12.2 (a). Use correct type of extension lead wires or compensating cable. Avoid joints in the cable.

RTD Pt100, 3-wire

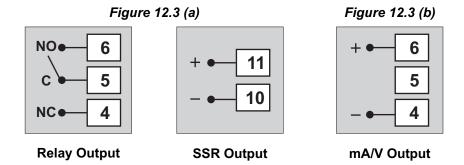
Connect single leaded end of RTD bulb to terminal 1 and the double leaded ends to terminal 2 and 3 (interchangeable) as shown in Figure 12.2 (b). Use low resistance copper conductor leads of the same gauge and length. Avoid joints in the cable.

OUTPUT-1 (Control Output)

The Output-1 is factory configured as either Relay / SSR Drive or DC Linear mA / V.

Note that Relay / SSR outputs are simultaneously provided on separate terminals. Refer Figure 12.3 (a).

For DC Linear mA/V, use terminals 4 & 6 as shown in Figure 12.3 (b).



Relay Output

Potential-free Relay changeover contacts NO (Normally Open) and C (Common) rated 10A/240 VAC (resistive load).

SSR Output

Connect (+) and (-) terminals of SSR to terminals 11 & 10, respectively. Use Zero-Crossover, 3 to 30 VDC operated SSR.

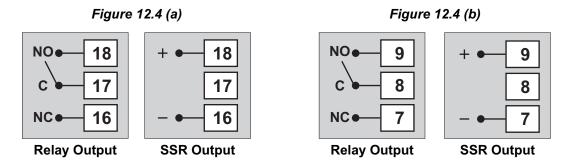
mA/V Output

The Positive (+) of mA/V is available at Terminal 6 & the Negative (-) at Terminal 4.

OUTPUT-2 (Alarm / Blower / Auxiliary Control)

OUTPUT-3 (Alarm / Auxiliary Control)

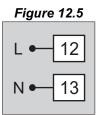
The numbers in brackets indicates the terminal numbers for Output-3.



Refer Figure 12.4(a) for Output-2 & Figure 12.4(b) for Output-3 connections.

POWER SUPPLY

The controller accepts single phase, 50/60 Hz Line Voltage ranging from 85 VAC to 264 VAC. Use well-insulated copper conductor wire of the size not smaller than 0.5mm² for power supply connections. Connect Line Voltage as shown in Figure 12.5.



SERIAL COMMUNICATION PORT

Connect terminal 15 and 14 of the controller to the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals of the master device.

Note that, PC as a master device cannot be connected (wired) directly to the instrument as PC is equipped with RS232C serial port which is not directly compatible with RS485 port on instrument side. In such cases use RS232/RS485 converter as a bridge.

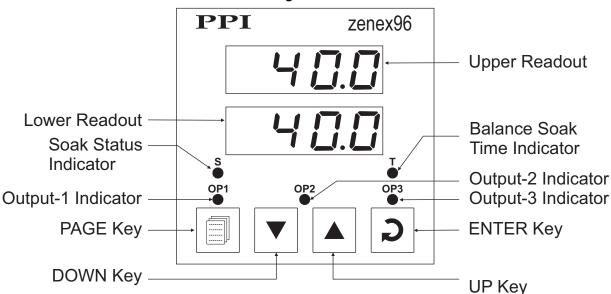
Figure 12.6



zenex 96X96

Section 1 FRONT PANEL LAYOUT

Figure 1.1



The front panel contains digital readouts, LED indicators and keys.

READOUTS

The Upper Readout is a 4 digit, 7-segment bright red LED display and usually displays the PV (Process Value). In Program Mode, the Upper Readout displays parameter values/options.

The Lower Readout is a 4 digit, 7-segment bright green LED display and usually displays SP (Control Setpoint) Value. In Program Mode, the Lower Readout displays parameter names (prompts).

INDICATORS

The Table 1.1 lists each front panel LED and the associated status.

Table 1.1

Indicator	Status
S	 Flashes while the Soak Timer is counting down. Glows steadily while the Soak Timer is outside the Timer Start Band or Hold Band (that is, HOLD state).
Т	Glows while the Lower Readout shows the Balance Soak Time in Main display mode.
OP1	 Indicates Output-1 ON/OFF status if the Control Output is Relay or SSR drive. Remains OFF if the Control Output is DC Linear.
OP2	 Indicates Output-2 status if OP2 function is Auxiliary / Blower Control. Flashes Alarm-1 status if OP2 function is Alarm.
OP3	 Indicates Output-3 status if OP3 function is Auxiliary Control. Flashes Alarm-2 status if OP3 function is Alarm.

KEYS

The Table 1.2 lists the four front panel keys and the associated function.

Table 1.2

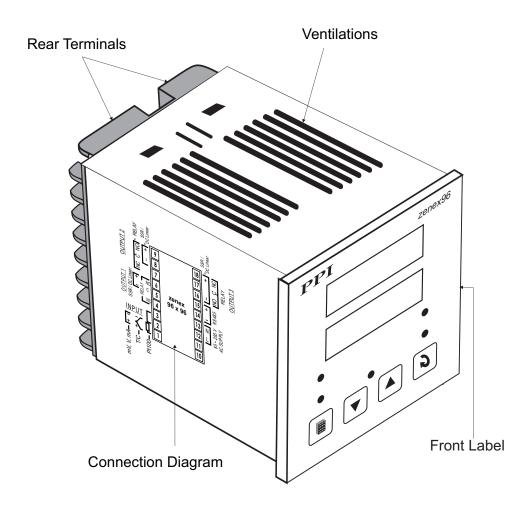
Symbol	Key	Function
	PAGE	Press to enter or exit set-up mode.
	DOWN	Press to decrease the parameter value. Pressing once decreases the value by one count; keeping pressed speeds up the change.
	UP	Press to increase the parameter value. Pressing once increases the value by one count; holding pressed speeds up the change.
۵	ENTER	Press to store the set parameter value and to scroll to the next parameter on the PAGE.

+***

Section 2 HARDWARE ASSEMBLY AND CONFIGURATIONS

The Figure 2.1 below shows the controller outer-case viewed with front label upright.

Figure 2.1
Enclosure Assembly



ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

The basic electronics assembly (without any plug-in modules), comprises of 3 Printed Circuit Boards (PCB): the CPU PCB, the Power-supply PCB & the Display PCB.

OUTPUT-2 & OUTPUT-3: Jumper Settings

The Output-2 & Output-3 can be configured for either SSR Output or Relay Output by setting appropriate parameter value & hardware jumpers.

Refer Figure 2.2 & Table 2.2 below for Output-2 Jumper Settings.

Figure 2.2 : Output-2 Jumper Setting

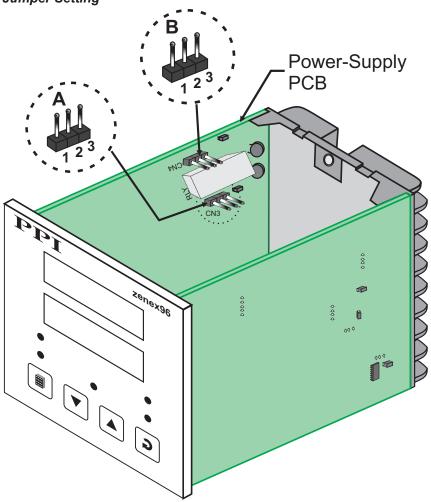


Table 2.2 Output-2 Jumper Settings

Output Type	Jumper Setting - A	Jumper Setting - B
Relay	1 2 3	1 2 3
SSR	1 2 3	1 2 3

Refer Figure 2.3 & Table 2.3 below for Output-3 Jumper Settings.

Figure 2.3 : Output-3 Jumper Setting

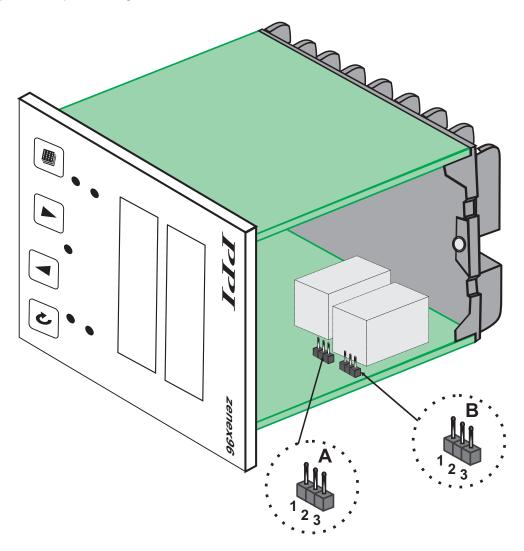


Table 2.3 Output-3 Jumper Settings

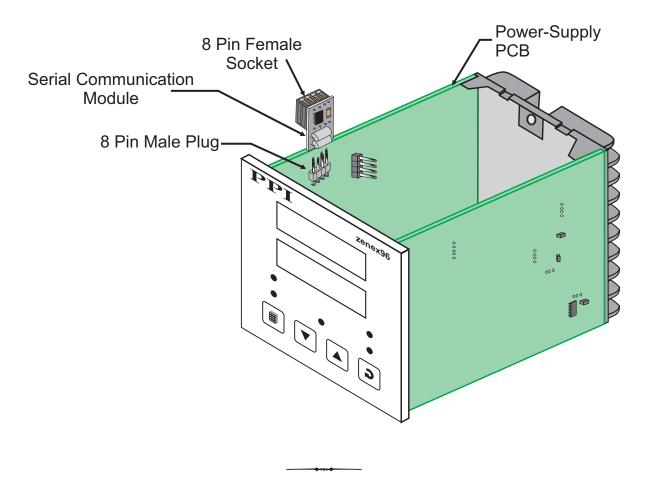
Output Type	Jumper Setting - A	Jumper Setting - B
Relay	1 2 3	1 2 3
SSR	1 2 3	1 2 3

Plug-in Serial Communication Module

The 8-pin male plug for the Serial Communication module is located on the Power-supply PCB. The Figure 2.4 below illustrates how to plug-in the Serial Communication module. To plug (or unplug) the module simply insert (or remove) the socket into (or from) the plug.

Figure 2.4

Mounting Serial Communication Module



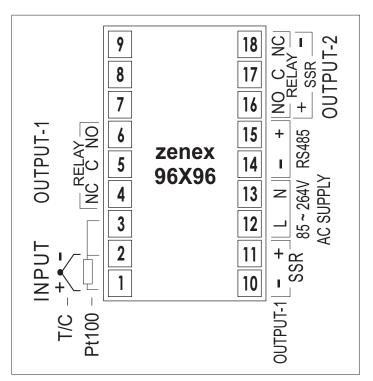
Section 3

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

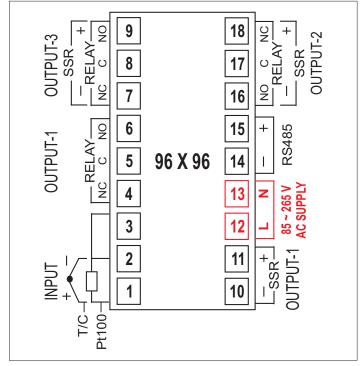
Refer connection diagram shown on the left side of the enclosure. The diagram shows the terminals viewed from the REAR SIDE with the controller label upright.

Figure 3.1

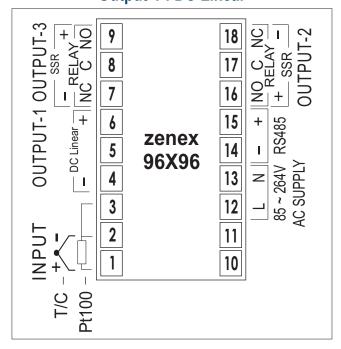
2 Output Version



3 Output Version Output-1 : Relay / SSR



3 Output Version Output-1 : DC Linear



TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUT

Connect Thermocouple or 3-wire RTD Pt100 sensor as shown below.

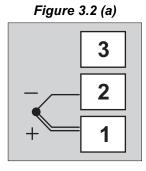


Figure 3.2 (b)

RTD

Thermocouple

Thermocouple

Connect Thermocouple Positive (+) to terminal 1 and Negative (-) to terminal 2 as shown in Figure 3.2 (a). Use correct type of extension lead wires or compensating cable. Avoid joints in the cable.

RTD Pt100, 3-wire

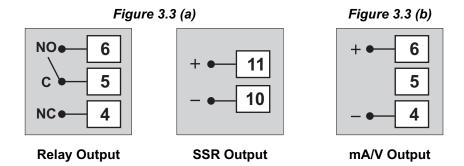
Connect single leaded end of RTD bulb to terminal 1 and the double leaded ends to terminal 2 and 3 (interchangeable) as shown in Figure 3.2 (b). Use low resistance copper conductor leads of the same gauge and length. Avoid joints in the cable.

OUTPUT-1 (Control Output)

The Output-1 is factory configured as either Relay / SSR Drive or DC Linear mA/V.

Note that Relay / SSR outputs are simultaneously provided on separate terminals. Refer Figure 3.3 (a).

For DC Linear mA/V, use terminals 4 & 6 as shown in Figure 3.3 (b).



Relay Output

Potential-free Relay changeover contacts NO (Normally Open) and C (Common) rated 10A/240 VAC (resistive load).

SSR Output

Connect (+) and (-) terminals of SSR to terminals 11 & 10, respectively. Use Zero-Crossover, 3 to 30 VDC operated SSR.

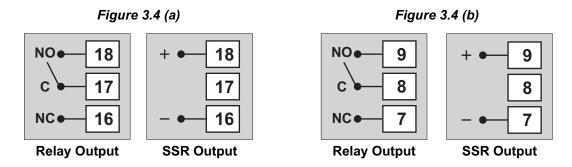
mA/V Output

The Positive (+) of mA/V is available at Terminal 6 & the Negative (-) at Terminal 4.

OUTPUT-2 (Alarm / Blower / Auxiliary Control)

OUTPUT-3 (Alarm / Auxiliary Control)

The numbers in brackets indicates the terminal numbers for Output-3.



Refer Figure 3.4(a) for Output-2 & Figure 3.4(b) for Output-3 connections.

POWER SUPPLY

The controller accepts single phase, 50/60 Hz Line Voltage ranging from 85 VAC to 264 VAC. Use well-insulated copper conductor wire of the size not smaller than 0.5mm² for power supply connections. Connect Line Voltage as shown in Figure 3.5.

Figure 3.5

L • 12

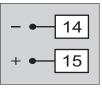
N • 13

SERIAL COMMUNICATION PORT

Connect terminal 15 and 14 of the controller to the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals of the master device.

Note that, PC as a master device cannot be connected (wired) directly to the instrument as PC is equipped with RS232C serial port which is not directly compatible with RS485 port on instrument side. In such cases use RS232/RS485 converter as a bridge.

Figure 3.6





Process Precision Instruments

101, Diamond Industrial Estate, Navghar, Vasai Road (E), Dist. Palghar - 401 210.Maharashtra, India

Sales: 8208199048 / 8208141446 Support: 07498799226 / 08767395333

sales@ppiindia.net, support@ppiindia.net

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